What You Need to Know Before Launching Your API



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Who am I?

- Founder and CEO of Svix Webhooks as a Service
 - Help companies send webhooks
 - An API first developer tool
- Open source dev and maintainer
- Previously led teams at Samsung and the Israeli intelligence corps



General Guidelines

Keep It Simple Silly

- Complexity is your biggest enemy avoid if possible
- Prevents you from moving fast
- Many points of failure
- Hard to reason about

There is good debt and bad debt Good debt Bad debt





Understand your tech stack

- Different technology comes with different trade-offs
- Do you care about consistency? Availability?
- Know the tools you use and their limitations

Understand the Problem

Know your customers

- What do they want?
- What do they care about?
- What would they hate?
- Have the curiosity of a child.



"If I asked people what they wanted, they would have asked for a faster horse." — Henry Ford

It's not what you do, it's what you enable

Understand the solution

- Have a deep understanding of your chosen solution
- But be flexible and dynamic
- *"Everyone has a plan until they get punched in the mouth"* Mike Tyson

Set the right foundations

Manage API complexity

Strive for simplicity, and learn to say no
Be explicit, watch out for accidental flexibility

Especially watch out with GraphQL

Can't break API - if you build it, you're stuck with it

Try to plan for forward compatibility

Don't leak implementation details

Choose your data layer wisely

"Bad programmers worry about the code. Good programmers worry about data structures and their relationships." — Linus Torvalds

People will still use it wrong

- Make it easy to use right
- Make it hard to use wrong
- Expect it to be used wrong and be ready

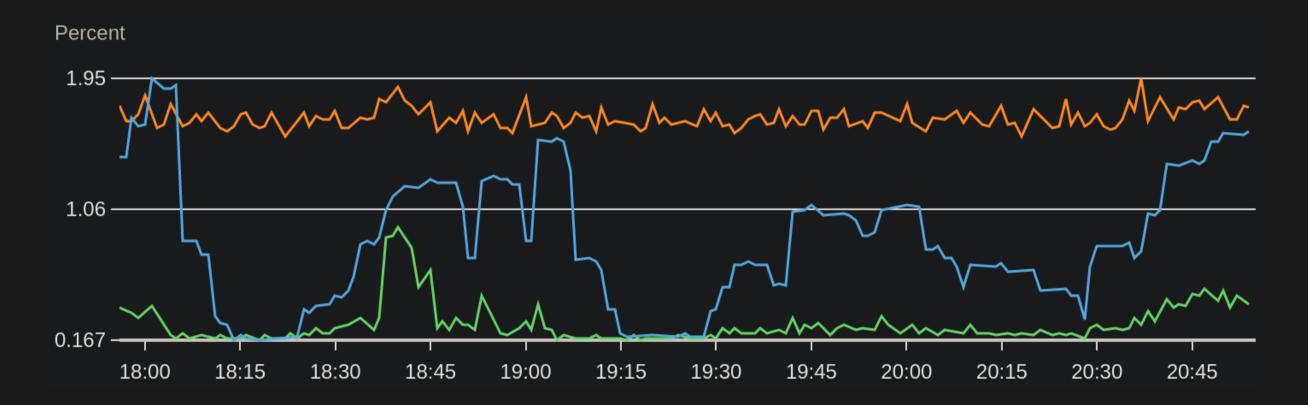
Find your north star

For us it's RELIABILITY, so:
Never lose a message once accepted
Avoid downtime at all costs
High speed and low latency

Be dependable

Monitor everything

Have fully visibility into your systems



Ensure high availability

If you are down, your customers are down

Know your dependencies

When things go wrong

Hope for the best, prepare for the worst

- Have backups and a disaster recovery plan
- Have accountability (public status page)
- Do post-mortems to understand failures

Don't aim for 100% uptime

- 100% uptime is not achievable, you gotta stop somewhere
 E.g. destruction of the earth is out of scope
- Law of diminishing returns
- Chasing 100% can make things more brittle
 - Which leads to less uptime...

Follow security best practices

- Application security (secure coding, updating deps...)
- Operational security (patching, training...)
- Least privilege access control
- Customer data segmentation
- Paper trail log all access and operations
- Alert on security anomalies data access

Make security easy for your customers

- Role based access control
- Enable key rotation and scoped keys
- Educate them about security with your service
- Make it hard to get security wrong

It's more than just code

- There is a lot of devops
- There is a lot of infrastructure
- Use infra-as-code don't touch the UI!
- Build or buy? I prefer buy

Prepare for the future, but build for the present

Make it scalable, but not too much

Build for 2-5x your current expected scale
Have a path in mind for 10-20x

Anticipate future needs

- Multiple regions & multiple environments
- Role base access control

Be flexible and extensible

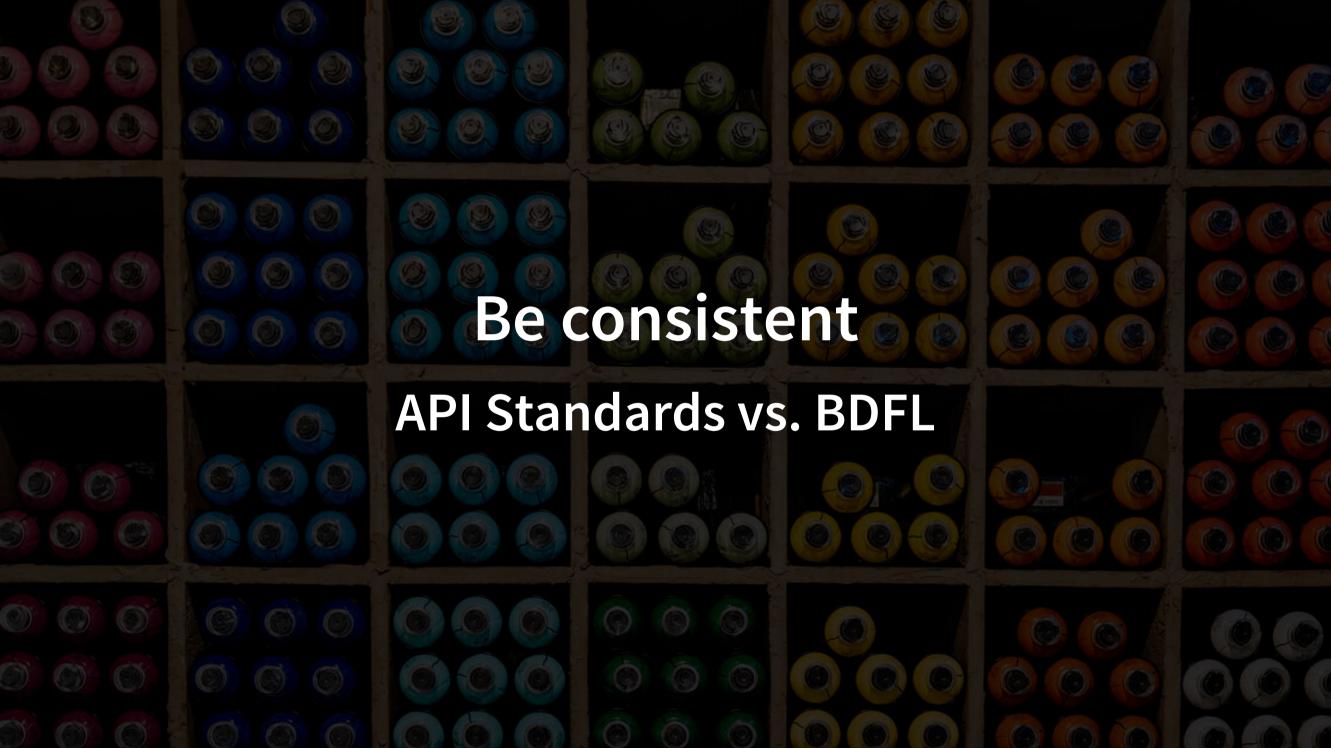
• Your customers are developers

• Let them build cool things with your product

Send webhooks

- Enables real-time interactions with your system
- Your customers want it to build integrations
- Make sure it's reliable (retry, scaling, etc.)
- Watch out for security implications (SSRF, MITM, replay)
- Don't forget about monitoring, fanout, more...

The devtool equivalent of UX



Great docs make the difference

- Both overview and deep-dive
- Both beginners and advance
- Show how your API should be used
- Don't assume people know your product
 - The curse of knowledge

Don't forget about tutorials

Guide developers through common uses
Get them started quickly - easy onboarding
Highlight cool features

Even developers need support

Have a great API Good

```
await fetch('https://api.svix.com/api/v1/app/', {
    method: 'POST',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/json'
        'Accept': 'application/json'
        'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + token,
    },
    body: '{"name": "some name", "uid": "app_234"}',
});
```

Have an awesome SDK Better

```
const svix = new Svix(token);
```

```
await svix.application.create({
    name: "some name",
    uid: "app_234",
});
```

A few SDK tips

- Consistent with language first, across SDKs second
- User-Agent: svix-libs/1.29.0/python
- X-Request-ID: f058ebd...344e8cde5
- Automatic retries in short intervals
 - Include attempt count in header
 - Reuse request-id
- Show X-Request-ID in SDK errors

Be defensive and helpful

Tag your auth tokens

testsk_lF00EQKwBr7VYC0qpFW7XGYIBycWgqcB.eu

- test: optional test environment indicator
- **sk**: type of key (secret key, public key, etc.)
- **LF00EQKwB...BycWgqcB**: random token
- eu: region

Add the shape to secret scanning databases

Tag your IDs

// Application token
app_29we3mZemNijHrQcrLlJG1pRCst

// Endpoint token
ep_1uikje8Xw8Z3GaSwtUYmIBhhYTN

// Message token
msg_270EWWmNfwpCwutpZ4GVeypLvvP

Support user-defined IDs

```
await svix.application.create({
   name: "some name",
   uid: "my-app-123", // This is your customers' internal ID
});
// Created ID: app_29we3mZemNijHrQcrLlJG1pRCst
// These IDs can then use interchangeably
await svix.endpoint.list("app_29we3mZemNijHrQcrLlJG1pRCst");
await svix.endpoint.list("my-app-123");
```

Closing words

Main takeaway: it's not all about the code
These worked for us, you may be different

Questions?

- For webhooks, check out **S Svix** at www.svix.com
- Something missing? Tweet at @TomHacohen